

Issues associated with placement of call/RFP by Federal Agency

Ground Rule Considerations

- 1. Who is the call/RFP directed to? (technical or procurement)
- If technical, how is procurement notified, and how do we prevent up front action by technical community that might later prejudice the procurement process?
- 2. Is cost sharing required?
- 3. Is there special consideration for Small Business/Small Disadvantaged Business, Universities or Non-Profit?
- 4. Is there a preference for Consortia, Alliances, Joint Sponsored Research or Cooperative Agreements (all partnering varieties)?



<u>Issues associated with placement of call/RFP by</u> <u>Federal Agency, (cont.)</u>

- 5. Is an existing Contract to be modified for use?
- 6. When do CICA/FAR requirements kick-in?
- 7. Is the proposal/submission schedule workable?



Issues Relating to Process of Obtaining Partners

- 1. Center Responsibility Does Procurement or technical issue the call for partnering proposals?
- 2. Is it intended that the SOW be developed after selection, collaboratively by Center and selected partner?
- If so, what information should prospective partners include in their Statement of Capability?
- If not, what is the degree of collaboration on content of proposals with partners?
- Who is the final decision maker?
- Who will integrate the joint proposal (for forwarding to the selecting Agency)?
- 3. What are the core issues that must be included in the synopsis/call for partnering proposals?



<u>Issues</u> Relating to process of obtaining partners

- 4. Is there any funding at this time?
- 5. What evaluation process will be used?
- What partner evaluation criteria will be specified in the synopsis?
- How is the Evaluation Committee structured and process documented?
- What is upper management involvement?
- 6. What strategies to accomplish the procurement action are decided upon (i.e. draft model contract, cooperative agreement, SAA or an existing instrument)?
- 7. When will they be initiated?



RevCon Non-Quick Start (LaRC NRA)

Glenn Approach

- 1. Assumed all FAR and CICA requirements for competition in the selection of partners was accomplished prior to submission of the joint proposal and selection for award.
- 2. Proper synopsis language, evaluation criteria and selection process are critical in supporting this assumption.
- Prospective partners clearly notified in synopsis that once selected, there will be no further competition or notification published by the Center.



RevCon Non-Quick Start (LaRC NRA)

- Technical capabilities, cost monitoring and control systems and past performance all are criteria for evaluation and selection.
- Evaluation Teams appointed, proposals objectively evaluated and scored against the published criteria and consensus final evaluation scores and rating presented to the SSA for Best Value selection.
- Appropriate documentation prepared and approved.



Comparison of Approach for Partnering

Glenn Approach

- 1. Synopsize for partners
- 2. Select partners
- 3. Write/submit joint proposal
- 4. Joint proposal selected for award
- 5. Negotiate/definitize partner relationship

Langley Approach

- 1. Synopsize for partners
- 2 Select partners
- 3. Write/submit joint proposal
- 4. Joint proposal selected for award
- 5. Write/Approve JOFOC
- 6. Synopsize noncompetitive acquisition
- 7. Negotiate/definitize partner relationship